

"que has hecho en Semana Santa?" = What did you do for Easter?  
"estuve en Irlanda durante 3 semanas" = I was in Ireland for 3 weeks.  
"volví el miercoles" = I returned on Wednesday.  
"que has hecho en Irlanda?" = What did you do in Ireland?  
"he hecho muchas cosas en mi casa y en el jardin" = I did many things at my home and in the garden.  
"quedé con mis hermanas" = I met with my sisters.  
"mucho trabajo" = a lot of work.  
"pasas mucho tiempo fuera de casa" = you spend a lot of time outside of the house.  
"mis hermanas viven cerca de mi" = my sisters live near me.  
"que tal las vacaciones de Semana Santa?" = How were the Easter holidays?  
"he sembrado/plantado semillas" = I have sown/planted seeds.  
"el fin de semana he visto a mis nietos jugar al futbol" = this weekend I saw my grandchildren play soccer.  
"ganaron el partido 2- 0" = they won the match 2-0.  
"trabajé en la casa tambien" = I also worked at the house.  
"me relajé" = I relaxed.  
"odio fregar el suelo" = I hate washing the floor.  
"me encanta lavar la ropa" = I love washing clothes.  
"doblar la ropa" = fold the clothes.  
"no me gusta planchar" = I do not like ironing.  
"me gusta lavar la ropa" = I like to wash clothes.  
"pero es difícil en Irlanda para secarla" = but it's difficult in Ireland to dry it.  
"hay mucha lluvia durante 3 semanas" = there was a lot of rain for 3 weeks.  
"había GRANIZO" = there were hailstones.  
"los agricultores no pueden trabajar en los campos" = farmers cannot work in the fields.  
"las vacas están dentro en sus casas" = the cows are inside their houses.  
"este fin de semana las vacas VAN A SALIR" = this weekend the cows are going to go out.  
"HAN SALIDO las vacas" = the cows have gone out.  
"que tal fue el tiempo en Semana Santa?" = How was the weather during Easter?  
"llovió mucho en Semana Santa" = It rained a lot during Easter.  
"las procesiones de Semana Santa mucas se cancelaron" = many Easter processions were canceled.  
"por suerte para mi" = fortunately for me.  
"solo tenemos sillas para las procesiones" = we only have chairs for the processions.  
"que has hecho en Semana Santa?" = What did you do for Easter?  
"la semana pasada fuimos a Gran Canaria" = last week we went to Gran Canaria.  
"pero ayer el problema fue la CALIMA" = but yesterday the problem was the CALIMA.  
"la calima es arena del desierto" = the calima is desert sand.  
"es horrible" = it's horrible.  
"durante dos días es peligroso" = for two days it's dangerous.  
"en Gran Canaria no se puede hacer nada" = in Gran Canaria you can't do anything.  
"porque todos los restaurantes están afuera" = because all the restaurants are outside.  
"fuimos en coche por la isla" = we drove around the island.  
"pero una idea fue visitar un acuario" = but one idea was to visit an aquarium.  
"fue bueno porque estaba dentro" = it was good because it was indoors.

"que rollo!" = What a pain!  
"que rollo!" = What a pain!  
"que mierda!" = What a shit!  
"que has hecho estas vacaciones?" = What have you done this vacation?  
"FUI a varios paises" = I went to several countries.  
"estuve en Francia con mi MUJER" = I was in France with my WIFE.  
"MUJER= wife" = WIFE= wife.  
"estuvimos en la casa móvil" = we were in the mobile home.  
"fue agradable pero el tiempo fue mixto" = it was nice but the weather was mixed.  
"HIZO sol HIZO caloe" = IT was sunny IT was warm.  
"algunas días LLOVIO mucho" = some days it RAINED a lot.  
"las clases de español han resultado muy valiosas" = the Spanish classes have been very valuable.  
"acabo de usarlo para discutir" = I just used it to argue.  
"estaba APARCANDO en nuestro lugar" = he was PARKING in our place.  
"APARCAR= to park" = TO PARK= to park.  
"yo gané la discusión usando ...." = I won the argument using ...  
"discutir = to argue" = to argue = to argue.  
"el me dijo el numero que tenia" = he told me the number he had.  
"ha movido su coche" = he moved his car.  
"volvimos a Irlanda y luego fuimos a Londres para ver a mi hijo y su novia" = we returned to Ireland and then went to London to see my son and his girlfriend.  
"que tipo de bar es?" = what kind of bar is it?  
"un bar irlandes" = an Irish bar.  
"has ido de vacaciones ?" = have you gone on vacation?  
"la Semana Santa fue tranquila" = Easter was quiet.  
"pero la semana pasada estuve en Alicante" = but last week I was in Alicante.  
"el jueves pasado HABIA una procesion" = last Thursday there was a procession.  
"PROCESION =" = PROCESSION=  
"de alicante a un monesterio a 7 kms" = from Alicante to a monastery 7 kms away.  
"que hace la gente en el camino?" = what do people do on the way?  
"tiene un palo con romero" = has a stick with rosemary.  
"PALO = stick" = STICK= stick.  
"incluso los niños usaban un palo muy grande con romero" = even the children used a very big stick with rosemary.  
"tu caminaste los 7 kms?" = did you walk the 7 kms?  
"Martin y yo subimos al castillo" = Martin and I climbed up to the castle.  
"el castillo es muy grande.... está muy alto" = the castle is very big... it's very high.  
"está en una montaña, comenzamos en la playa y subimos muchos escalones" = it's on a mountain, we started at the beach and climbed many steps.  
"me gusta la palabra "PALABRA"" = I like the word "WORD".  
"antes cuando la dije, ...." = before when I said it, ...  
"pronuncié PALABARA" = I pronounced WORD.  
"y tu? cual es tu palabra favorita en español?" = and you? what is your favorite word in Spanish?  
"desayuno = breakfast" = breakfast = breakfast.  
"jesus = bless you" = jesus = bless you.  
"porque es muy diferente en ingles" = because it is very different in English.  
"DESAYUNO = DESAYUNAR" = BREAKFAST = TO BREAKFAST.  
"AYUNAR = to fast" = TO FAST = to fast.  
"DES - AYUNAR = to break the fast" = TO BREAK THE FAST = to break the fast.  
"el sonido" = the sound.

"tienes mala leche = you're mean" = you're mean = you're mean.  
"tener mala leche = estar de mal humor" = to have bad milk = to be in a bad mood.  
"me gustan las expresiones en español" = I like expressions in Spanish.  
"para mi, lo mismo" = for me, the same.  
"me gusta la palabra BAÑARSE" = I like the word TO BATHE.  
"BAÑARSE = to swim" = TO BATHE = to swim.  
"en el parque cerca de aquí HAY señales de "NO BAÑARSE"" = in the park near here THERE ARE signs of "NO SWIMMING".  
"porque suena como una palabra en irlandia" = because it sounds like a word in Ireland.  
"esta prohibido BAÑARSE" = it is forbidden TO SWIM.  
"algo que te gustaría hacer ...." = something you would like to do ....  
"me gustaría....." = I would like.....  
"me gustaría TOCAR un instrumento" = I would like TO PLAY an instrument.  
"APRENDER a tocar la guitarra" = TO LEARN to play the guitar.  
"pero no tengo mucho tiempo para practicar todos los dias" = but I don't have much time to practice every day.  
"con los turistas con mucho dinero" = with the tourists with a lot of money.  
"hay problemas con los ladrones (robbers)" = there are problems with robbers.  
"por ejemplo en el Salvador, la gente es muy pobre y es peligroso" = for example in El Salvador, the people are very poor and it is dangerous.  
"cual tu comida favorita española?" = what's your favorite Spanish food?  
"me gusta las tortillas de patata" = I like potato omelettes.  
pero en cada restaurante es diferente" = they seem the same, but in each restaurant it's different.  
"JUGOSA= moist" = MOIST= moist.  
"a veces está seca, otras veces está jugosa" = sometimes it's dry, other times it's moist.  
"en todos los restaurante hay tortilla de patatas" = in all the restaurants there are potato omelettes.  
"el chiringuito = beach bar" = beach bar = beach bar.  
"en un chiringuito puedes comer ESPETOS" = in a beach bar you can eat skewers.  
"no se puede en los restaurantes de la playa" = it's not possible in the beach restaurants.  
"ESPETOS" = SKEWERS.  
"la familia de mi mujer comen pescado todos los dias" = my wife's family eats fish every day.  
"normalmente cuando conduzco" = normally when I drive.  
"CONDUZCO = i drive" = I DRIVE = i drive.  
"cuando VOY en coche," = when I GO by car,  
"cuando VOY en coche, escucho musica en la radio" = when I GO by car, I listen to music on the radio.  
"no tengo un grupo favorito" = I don't have a favorite band.  
"me gustan las mezclas de sonidos" = I like mixes of sounds.  
"me gustan todos los tipos de musica" = I like all types of music.  
"me gustaría montar en canoa" = I would like to ride in a canoe.  
"no lo he hecho nunca" = I have never done it.  
"no lo HE HECHO nunca" = I have NEVER DONE it.  
"nunca lo HE HECHO" = I have NEVER DONE it.  
"escucho musica en el gimnasio" = I listen to music at the gym.  
"en el trabajo escucho musica clásica todos los dias" = at work I listen to classical music every day.  
"no me gusta el silencio" = I don't like silence.

"me gusta trabajar con musica clasica" = I like to work with classical music.  
"es muy relajante" = it's very relaxing.  
"me ayuda a concentrarme" = it helps me to concentrate.  
"yo tambien escucho BBC radio 3" = I also listen to BBC Radio 3.  
"mi madre es cantante" = my mother is a singer.  
"en mi casa todos los días HAY musica clasica" = in my house every day THERE IS classical music.  
"especialmente los dias" = especially the days.  
"pero San Sebastian no es muy sano para el colesterol" = but San Sebastian is not very healthy for cholesterol.  
"fui a San Sebastian muchas veces" = I went to San Sebastian many times.  
"Santiago es muy bonito" = Santiago is very beautiful.  
"fuimos / hemos ido una vez" = we went / we have gone once.  
"ahora me gusta la musica de los noventa" = now I like music from the 90s.  
"los noventa = the 90's" = the 90s = the 90's.  
"me gusta escucharla cuando cocino" = I like to listen to it when I cook.  
"mujer= wife" = WIFE= wife.  
"esposa= spouse" = SPOUSE= spouse.  
"me gusta todos los tipos de musica" = I like all types of music.  
"el rock, la clásica,...." = rock, classical,....  
"hola" = hello.  
"ME GUSTARIA REPASAR:" = I WOULD LIKE TO REVIEW:  
"1) LOS PASADOS" = 1) THE PASTS.  
"2) PRET PERFECTO - INDEFINIDO" = 2) PERFECT PRET - INDEFINITE.  
"3) POR / PARA" = 3) FOR / FOR.  
"4) IR A COMER" = 4) GO TO EAT.  
"VOY A COMER MAÑANA EN LA PLAYA" = I AM GOING TO EAT TOMORROW ON THE BEACH.  
"COMERÉ" = I WILL EAT.  
"5) EL FUTURO" = 5) THE FUTURE.  
"6) HABLAR DE LA DURACION - DESDE - DESDE HACE - DURANTE" = 6) TALK ABOUT THE DURATION - FROM - SINCE - DURING.  
"7) USOS DE HABER Y ESTAR Y SER" = 7) USES OF HAVING AND BEING AND BEING.  
"HAY 8 PERSONAS EN CLASE" = THERE ARE 8 PEOPLE IN CLASS.  
"MARTINE ES / ESTA EN SU CASA" = MARTINE IS / IS AT HOME.  
"KAREN ES/ ESTA GUAPA Y SIMPATICA" = KAREN IS/ IS PRETTY AND NICE.  
"KAREN ES SIMPATICA" = KAREN IS NICE.  
"8) LOS VERBOS REFLEXIVOS ----- EN PASADO -" = 8) REFLEXIVE VERBS ----- IN THE PAST -  
"TO SHOWER= DUCHARSE" = TO SHOWER= TO SHOWER.  
"TO SHAVE= AFEITARSE" = TO SHAVE= TO SHAVE.  
"TO WASH - LAVARSE EL PELO" = TO WASH - TO WASH THE HAIR.  
"TO HAVE BREAKFAST - DESAYUNAR" = TO HAVE BREAKFAST - TO BREAKFAST.  
"IR ----- IRSE" = GO ----- TO LEAVE.  
"IR = TO GO" = GO = TO GO.  
"IRSE ----- TO LEAVE" = TO LEAVE ----- TO LEAVE.  
"9) VERBOS IRREGULARES - PRESENTE PASADO" = 9) IRREGULAR VERBS - PRESENT PAST.  
"que aprendes hoy?" = what are you learning today?  
"IGUALMENTE" = LIKewise.  
"MUCHO - CUIDATE MUCHO" = A LOT - TAKE CARE A LOT.  
"ME GUSTA MUCHO" = I LIKE A LOT.  
"CUIDATE MUCHO" = TAKE CARE A LOT.  
"QUE ROLLO ! - SUCH A BORE" = WHAT A DRAG! - SUCH A BORE.  
"HACE TRES AÑOS" = THREE YEARS AGO.  
"GRANIZO = HAILSTONE" = HAIL = HAILSTONE.

"DESPEDIDA = GOODBYES" = FAREWELL = GOODBYES.

"PALO = STICK" = STICK = STICK.

"MARCADOR = MARK" = MARKER = MARK.

"MARCADOR TEMPORAL -" = TIME MARKER -.

"TENER MALA LECHE -" = TO HAVE BAD MILK -.

"TENER MALA LECHE .- TO BE MEAN" = TO HAVE BAD MILK .- TO BE MEAN.